

Product info sheet

Condensation detector to prevent the building of condensed water **FAS**

Type Survey

Type	Order no.	Contact type
FAS	42088012	changeover contact with silver contacts
FAS	42087012	changeover contact with gold contacts
FAS 250V AC	42081012	changeover contact with silver contacts <i>see sep. data sheet FAS 250VAC</i>
FAS 250V AC	4208A012	changeover contact with gold contacts <i>see sep. data sheet FAS 250VAC</i>

Technical Data

measuring element Polyga®-fiber, water resistant
 range of operation 50...90%RH
 lifetime > 6.000 breaking cycles

microswitch with silver contacts

max. switching capacity
 alternating voltage
 ohmic load for dehumidifying 0,1 ... 5A 48VAC
 ohmic load for humidifying 0,1 ... 2A 48VAC
 for inductive load (power factor >0.8) 0,1 ... 1A 48VAC

microswitch with gold contacts

max. switching capacity 100mA 48VAC
 minimum switching current 1mA¹⁾

¹⁾ not relevant when switching high resistance loads (>10kOhm)
 e.g. logic levels

optional FAS up to a maximum of 250V AC available
 see separate data sheet at fas250vac.pdf
 www.galltec-mela.de

influence of temperature
 ref. to 23 °C ≤ +/- 0.2 %RH / K
 typ. response time t_{50} at v=2m/s 1.2min
 allowable ambient temperature 0...60°C
 maximum admissible ambient humidity 95%RH
 air-speed 0.2...8 m/s
 installation altitude ≤ 4.000m above sea level
 mounting position as you like
 contacting connecting terminal in the case
 purpose of sensing control humidity sensing control
 nominal cross-sectional area of the conductors.....
 up to 2.5 mm² for fixed wiring conductors (single wire)
 up to 1.5 mm² for flexible cord conductors (fine-stranded)
 type of protective earth conductor bow terminal
 action 1.C.L
 degree of pollution 3
 rated impulse voltage 4kV
 ball indentation test for temperature 92°C
 protective system IP20
 dimensions 85x55x33mm
 weight approx. 80 g

Description of the detector

The PCB module with Polyga® sensing element is arranged on an aluminium base plate so the sensing element is located in close proximity to the base plate. Given the protection of the enclosure, moisture close to the dew point can form on the inside. The aluminium base plate is in contact with the cooling pipe and transmits the cooling energy to the sensing element. The switching point can be adjusted on the inside.

It is necessary to adjust the switching point to suit the ambient conditions. The microswitch on the PCB module switches a changeover contact at zero volt. The standard switch is equipped with silver contacts.

A microswitch with gold contacts is available as an option. The FAS does not require a supply voltage or auxiliary energy.

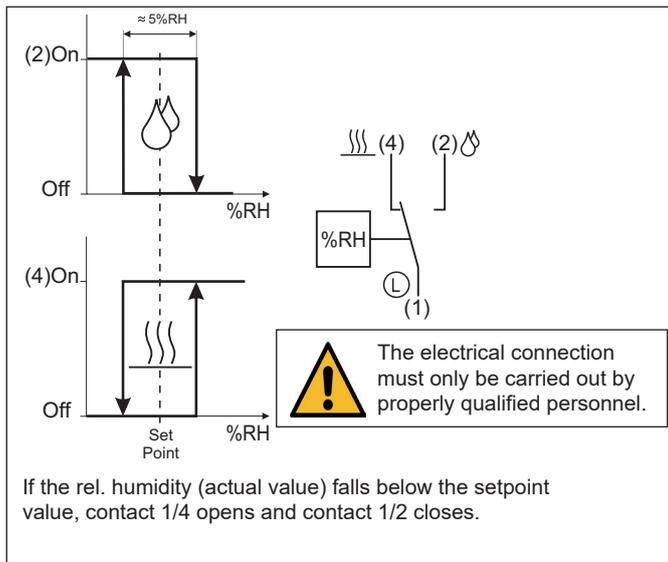
Adjusting the switching point

It is important to set the correct switching point for the system. A switching point which is set too high can cause condensation because the conditions of the measuring point are not always constant. The measuring point of the humidity controller should be selected to ensure that no condensation can form on or in the appliance.

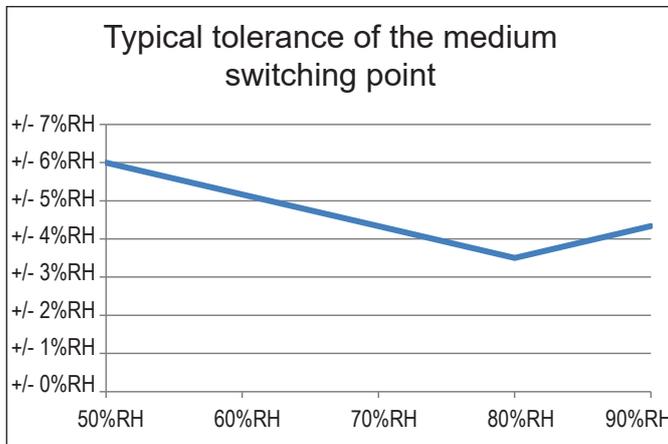
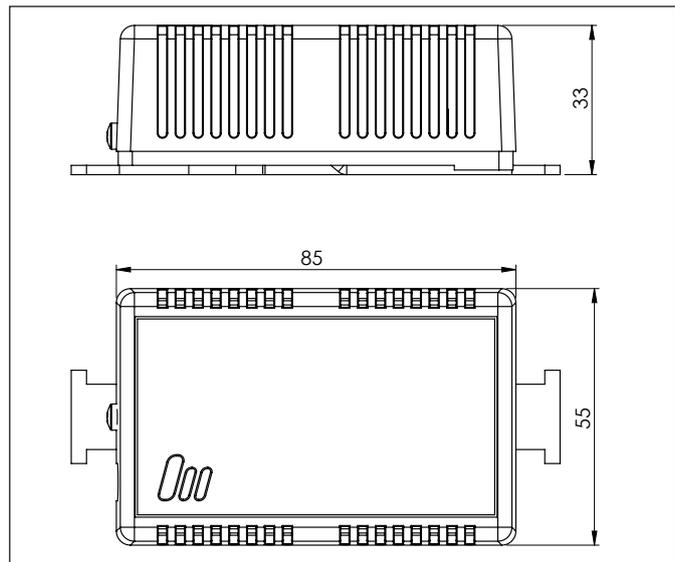
Tests have shown that good results are achieved at a switching point of 80%RH. The switching point can be set to suit the system. To do this, open the cover and adjust the switching point.

applied directives / standards
 low-voltage directive 2014/35/EU
 EMC directive 2014/30/EU
 DIN EN 60730-1:2012-10
 DIN EN 60730-2-13:2008-09

Connection diagram



Dimensions diagram



Long-term drift: $\leq \pm 1\%RH$ p.a.

Typical switching differential with typical tolerance

Setpoint value humidity	Switching differential	Tolerance
50 %RH	5 %RH	+/- 1,5 %RH
60 %RH	4 %RH	+/- 1,5 %RH
70 %RH	4 %RH	+/- 1,5 %RH
80 %RH	3 %RH	+/- 1 %RH
90 %RH	3 %RH	+/- 1 %RH

Contact with the measuring mechanics of the device nullifies the warranty.

Installation information

If condensation formation is to be monitored in a room, the dampest position must first be identified. The coldest position will not necessarily be the dampest (see hx diagram). It should also be taken into account that changes in the room could result in another place becoming the dampest. The FAS condensation detector must be installed so that good thermal contact with the chosen position is achieved. Care should also be taken to ensure that any condensation which may form is not able to get into the enclosure. The detector is secured using the ties provided which are suitable for pipes up to 50 mm Ø. The enclosure must not be exposed to any external heat source, as this could result in incorrect measurements. An installation location should be selected where a representative humidity measurement is guaranteed. This means the ambient air must be able to flow freely to the sensing element inside the enclosure via the vents. The air flow around the FAS should be at least 0.2 m/second.

Maintenance

The measuring element is maintenance-free in pure ambient air. Aggressive media containing solvent can cause measuring errors depending on the type and concentration. Deposits which eventually form a water-repellent film over the measuring element are harmful (such as resin aerosols, lacquer aerosols, smoke deposits etc.).

The warranty does not apply to defects or damage resulting from inappropriate use or if internal components have been tampered with.